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THOMSON FINANCIAL

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the

Securities 1	Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17	7a-5 Thereup der	
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGIN	NING January 1, 2001 A	AND ENDING Dece	per 31, 2001
		FER 1 7 90	m 3)
<u> </u>	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICA	NON LED 13 CO	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		35	FICIAL USE ONLY
Kedem Capital Corporation			FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box 1	No.)	FIRM ID. NO.
534 Broad Hollow Road			
	(No. and Street)		
Melville	New York	e e e en e	1747
(City)	(State)	(Zi _l	code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	R OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS REF	PORT
Ben Z. Kedem		(631) 755-3330	
		(Area Co	ode - Telephone No.)
В	. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT	ANT whose opinion is contained in thi	s Report*	
Halpern & Associates, LLC			
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle nam	ne)	
143 Weston Road	Weston	CT	06883
(Address)	(City)	(State) PPOCI	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE.		PROCI	200EU

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

SEC 1410 (3-91)

☑ Certified Public Accountant

Accountant not resident m United States or any of its possessions.

☐ Public Accountant

Potential persons who are to respond to The collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays. a currently valid OMB control number.

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	X
 (a) Statement of Financial Condition. (b) Statement of Income (Loss) (c) Statement of Income (Loss) (d) Statement of Income (Loss) (e) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claim of creditors. (g) Computation of Met Capital (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Met Capital Under Rule 15c3-3. (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation. 	
s report** contains (check all applicable boxes);	иЧТ
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 2/28/05	
Comme C. Bartiness	
ahiT	
President	
a) Instance of the second of t	
and the second of the second 	
any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of istomer, except as follows:	
cember 31, 2001 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company as partner, preprietor, principal officer of director has any proprietary interest in any account classified soley as that of	
Gedem Capital Corporation	
t of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of	
Ben Z. Kedem , swear (or affirm) that, to the	— 'I

"For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

KEDEM CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2001

Halpern & Associates, LLC

143 Weston Road • Weston, Connecticut 06883 • (203) 227-0313 • FAX (203) 226-6999• Info@Halpernassoc.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT RECEIVED

To the President of Kedem Capital Corporation

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Kedem Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2001. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether this financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basisfor our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kedem Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Halpera & Dosociates, LLC

Weston, Connecticut January 25, 2002

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2001

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Receivable from clearing broker Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and	\$	160,444 12,899
amortization of \$140,111 and \$10,350 respectively Other assets		5,140 38,524
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	217,007
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	17,833
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY Common stock, no par value; authorized 200 shares; issued and outstanding 1 share \$ 200,000 Retained deficit (826)		
TOTAL SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		199,174
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$_	217,007

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2001

1. NOTES ON SIGNIFICANT BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

Kedem Capital Corporation (the Company) began doing business as a registered broker-dealer in securities with the Securities and Exchange Commission in 1986. In this capacity, it executes both principal and agency transactions for itself and its customers.

In the normal course of its business, the Company enters into financial transactions where the risk of potential loss due to changes in market (market risk) or failure of the other party to the transaction to perform (credit risk) exceeds the amounts recorded for the transaction. The nature of these risks are described in the footnote describing the transaction.

The Company's policy is to continuously monitor its exposure to market and counterparty risk through the use of a variety of financial position and credit exposure reporting and control procedures. In addition, the Company has a policy of reviewing the credit standing of each broker/dealer, clearing organization, customer and/or other counterparty with which it conducts business.

The Company introduces its customer transactions to a broker with whom it has a correspondent relationship for execution and clearance in accordance with the terms of a clearance agreement. In connection therewith, the Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain related to the Company's customers. As of December 31, 2001, amounts were owed to the clearing broker by these customers, which were in connection with normal, delivery-against-payment, cash-account transactions. After December 31, 2001, all amounts related to such transactions were received from customers. Securities purchased by customers in connection with those transactions are held by the clearing broker as collateral for the amounts owed.

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's proprietary transactions are performed by its clearing broker pursuant to the clearance agreement. At December 31, 2001, the receivable from clearing broker reflected on the statement of financial condition was substantially in cash.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2001

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company records securities transactions and related revenues and expenses on a trade date basis.

Security transactions and financing with the clearing broker are classified as operating activities on the statement of cash flows since this is the Company's principal business.

The Company maintains its books and records on an accrual basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Depreciation is provided for on accelerated methods over the useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the term of the lease.

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include \$136,640 in a money market fund which is held as a deposit at the clearing broker.

4. PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES

The Company is recognized as an S-Corporation by the Internal Revenue Service. As an S-Corporation, the Company is subject to a New York State surcharge, while the shareholder is liable for federal and state income taxes on the Company's taxable income. As a result, the financial statements reflect the minimum tax charged by the State of New York.

The Company has available state loss carryforwards of approximately \$38,000 which will expire between December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2015.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION (Continued)

DECEMBER 31, 2001

5. COMMITMENT

The Company leases office space under a non-cancellable lease expiring December 31, 2005. The lease contains provisions for escalations based on increases in certain costs incurred by the lessor. Future minimum lease payments on this lease are as follows:

Year endin	g
<u>December</u> :	<u>31,</u>

2002	•	\$ 93,708
2003		71,417
After 2003		142,834
	Total	\$ 307,959

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Included in other assets is a receivable of \$3,174 from a corporation which is wholly owned by the Company's shareholder.

7. RULE 15C3-3

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under paragraph (k)(2)(A) in that the Company carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for or owe money or securities to customers and effectuates all financial transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis.

8. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Net Capital Rule 15c3-1, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2001, the Company had net capital of \$152,605 which exceeded the minimum requirement of \$100,000 by \$52,605. The Company's net capital ratio was .12 to 1.

ACCOUNTANT'S SUPPLEMENTARY
REPORT ON
INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2001

Halpern & Associates, LLC

143 Weston Road • Weston, Connecticut 06883 • (203) 227-0313 • FAX (203) 226-6909 • Info@Halpernassoc.com

ACCOUNTANT'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTR

To the President of Kedem Capital Corp.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Kedem Capital Corp. (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2004, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5 (g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with

reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considerd by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2001 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Kedem Capital Corp. to achieve all the divisions and duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the use of Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

Halpera & Dosociatos, LLC

Weston, Connecticut January 25, 2002